



Renewables Academy

EnerTracks Online Training

"Energy Transformation Expert"

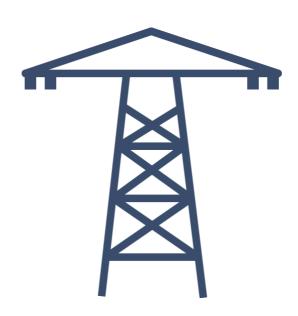






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1 What is "EnerTracks Online Training"?

This online training will prepare participants to manage the challenges connected to power system transformation and decarbonization better. The online training was developed within the wider scope of the EnerTracks project held

in conjunction with our partners AGORA Energiewende.

The online training is part of the EnerTracks project and is supported by the Federal Ministry for the Environment, Nature Conservation and Nuclear Safety through the German International Climate Initiative (IKI).

1.1 Who should join the "EnerTracks Online Training"?

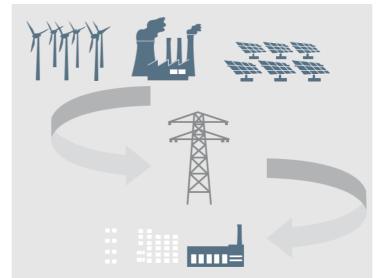
This training suits you if you:

- are a citizen of one the eligible countries
- are working in the energy sector and willing to work on decarbonisation and increased flexibility of power systems
- have a sincere interest in tackling climate change issues and the energy transformation in your home country
- were not able to complete all 4 modules in the previous EnerTracks Online Training (2019-2021) and would to take the modules you missed out on

1.2 Learning objectives

After the online training, participants will be able to:

- Explain technical, economic and organisational principles of power systems
- Analyse suitable policies and mechanisms for a low-carbon power system transformation
- Distinguish and compare different technical flexibility options suitable for power systems to compensate fluctuating power generation from renewable energy systems
- Evaluate the impact and suitability of current trends in the energy sector regarding power system transformation







1.3 Who will receive the certificate "Energy transformation expert"?

- Candidates who complete all four modules successfully will receive an additional certificate under the title "Energy transformation expert". This includes participants who completed the modules in the previous phase of the EnerTracks programme and are using this opportunity to catch up on modules missed.
- The content of the modules and examination duration may change at the discretion of RENAC compared to previous phases of the EnerTracks programme. Participants re-taking modules may find that the requirements for passing the final examination have been modified and must meet the latest requirements as stipulated in this handbook/ in future communications in order to be eligible for a final certificate.
- Each of the four modules will end with an exam. All participants who score above 70% in the final online exam will receive a RENAC certificate.
- Candidates who work through the online assignments in each module will receive a 5% bonus for the exam (capped at 100%).





2 What are the dates for the four modules and exams?

The online training consists of four modules, each of which have final examinations. The schedule for these activities can be found below:

	Start	End	Final Examination	Retest
Module 1	27 September 2021	10 December 2021	02 December 2021	09 December 2021
Module 2	13 December 2021	25 February 2022	17 February 2022	24 February 2022
Module 3	28 February 2022	13 May 2022	05 May 2022	12 May 2022
Module 4	16 May 2022	29 July 2022	21 July 2022	28 July 2022



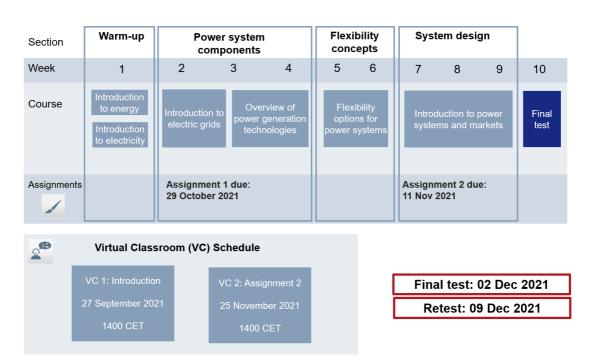


3 Courses

The online training of the EnerTracks programme comprises four modules. These modules can be taken as a consecutive programme, but also individually as each module stands for itself. Module 1 offers a general introduction to power system transformation while Module 2 explores on the economic and political frameworks surrounding energy transitions. Module 3 delves into more technical aspects such as grid integration of renewable energy systems and flexibility options. Finally, module 4 will bring the online training segment to a close with a look at new trends and their potential to shape future power systems.

3.1 Module 1: Introduction to power systems

Module 1: Introduction to the transformation of energy systems







Course: Introduction to electric grids

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of this course, participants will be able to









- explain the basic technological terms and principles governing the operation of electrical power
- explain the importance of frequency and voltage stability for electric grid operation,
- describe the parameters that affect frequency and voltage stability in electric power grids and
- distinguish impacts that conventional power plants and RE power plants have on the operation of a power grid.

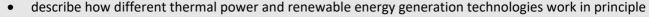
Content:

- Structure of electricity grids
 - o Elements, voltage, AC vs. DC, conventional power plants, new paradigm
- Secure operation of electricity grids
 - Quality and security of supply, operating states, frequency and voltage stability

Course: Overview of power generation technologies

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of this course, participants should be able to:



- compare power generation technologies based on different cost aspects
- explain global trends of power generation technologies in terms of investments

- Conventional power generation technology
 - O Nuclear power plants, coal power plants, open cycle gas turbines and combined cycle gas turbines
- Renewable electricity generation technologies
 - Hydropower and pumped storage, wind energy, photovoltaic (PV), concentrated solar power (CSP), biomass (solid biomass and biogas) and geothermal power
- Cost comparison of power generation technologies
 - Metrics for cost comparison, LCOE, marginal cost, external cost and grid parity













Course: Flexibility options for power systems

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of this course, you should be able to









- explain the key role of flexibility in successful power system transformation
- describe different flexibility options and name important measures
- formulate the framework for a cost-effective power system transformation

Content:

- Power system transformation
 - Impact of variable renewable energy (vRE), value of flexibility and optimised management of vRE development
- Flexibility options
 - o Grid infrastructure and management, storage, demand-side integration, dispatchable generation and flexible thermal power plants
- Cost of flexibility
 - Levelised cost of flexibility, transmission grids, distribution grids, storage, small-scale DSI, large-scale
 DSI, dispatchable generation and flexibility investment plan
- Market frameworks
 - o Role of short-term markets

Course: Introduction to power systems and markets

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of this course, you should be able to

- describe the elements of a power system
- distinguish and characterise the five models of power system design
- explain what role competition plays in each of the five models
- identify principles of power market design, architecture and respective rules

- Key elements of electricity system
 - Planning, dispatch, system operation and pricing
- Current structures of the power sector models
 - Characteristics of vertically integrated market model, single-buyer model, partially unbundled (unbundling) model, whole sale market model and retail competition model
 - o Further characteristics: reliability standards and options, energy only market and capacity market





3.2 Module 2: Policies supporting energy transformation

Section	Warm-up		ational works			al policy works	'	F	ocus on (carbon	
Week	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Course	Introduction to energy Introduction to electricity	climat and n	ational e policy ational nentation	Policy frameworks for RE power generation			Carbon pricing mechanisms			Final test	
Assignments					gnment 1 eb 2021	due:			signment Mar 2021	2 due:	



Final test: 17 Feb 2022

Retest: 24 Feb 2022





Course: International climate policy and national implementation







Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- understand the basics of climate science behind the Paris Agreement
- know important milestones in the history of the road to the Paris Agreement
- know the basic elements and architecture of the Paris Agreement (goals, nationally determined contributions (NDCs), transparency framework and global stocktake)
- understand how international agreements like the Paris Agreement with its core elements, the NDCs and sustainable development goals (SDGs), promote RE development
- understand the linkages between SDGs and NDCs
- understand the implications of a country's NDC
- understand how international climate policy can help to integrate and mainstream national climate policy options to support renewable energy deployment
- relate the periodic elements of the Paris Agreement to national policy processes with respect to key components such as national implementation, procedure of monitoring, reporting and verification (MRV) and revision/update of subsequent NDCs
- reflect about the role of Co-Benefits in the Paris Agreement and the SDGs

- IPCC reports (climate impact scenarios and pathways to 1.5°C /2°C)
- UNFCC, UN sustainable development agenda
- Paris Agreement (goals, NDCs, transparency framework and global stocktake)
- NDCs means of implementation (finance, technology, capacity building)
- Key actors, participatory processes
- Measuring progress
- Understand national enabling political environments and policies





Course: Policy frameworks for renewable energy power generation









Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- analyse the most widely used support mechanisms for renewable energy (feed-in tariff, net-metering, auction, etc.)
- analyse and design the most widely used support mechanisms for renewable energy (feed-in tariff, netmetering, auctions and other schemes)
- determine conditions to design successful support mechanisms or regulatory policies
- discuss suitability of policy regulations for different phases of the energy transition

- Introduction to renewable energy policy and target setting
 - Objectives of renewable energy policies, renewable energy target setting, categorisation of support mechanisms
- Net-metering for distributed generation
 - Cost development, grid parity, net metering and risks of self-consumption policies
- Feed-in tariffs for distributed generation and large-scale projects
 - o Feed-in tariff (FiT) design, tariff calculation, tariff degression, capacity caps and feed-in premiums
- Competitive procurement/auctions for large-scale projects
 - Auction results, auction design, procurement schedule, price-finding mechanism, penalties for noncompliance, pre-qualification and selection criteria
- Additional incentives
 - Tax incentives, tax credits, accelerated depreciation, low-interest loans, quota-based mechanisms, corporate power purchase agreements (PPAs) and general framework conditions
- Policies for smooth technical and market integration of renewable energy
 - Location-specific FiTs and auctions, renewable energy curtailment and system integration and priority dispatch of renewable energy





Course: Carbon pricing mechanisms

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:









- comprehend the rationale for economic instruments in the context of climate change (carbon pricing mechanisms)
- explain major historical developments in carbon pricing and illustrate the global landscape of carbon pricing mechanisms
- understand and explain the different basic design features and principles of carbon pricing mechanisms (i.e. carbon tax and emission trading schemes and offsetting mechanisms)
- discuss major barriers to, key success factors of, and prospects for carbon pricing mechanisms in the economy and energy projects
- know how to get started with carbon pricing (i.e. identify and select respective instruments and partners)

- Introduction to carbon pricing mechanisms
 - Global landscape of GHG emissions, comparing GHG emission reductions, rationale for putting a price on carbon, carbon pricing mechanisms and their basic principles, relevance for national energy transition and emission performance standards
- Evolution of carbon pricing mechanisms
 - Emissions trading: the EU emissions trading scheme, other emissions trading schemes, carbon taxes in the OECD countries and emerging markets, clean development mechanism (CDM) and joint implementation (JI), corporate carbon pricing, global landscape, trends and outlook of carbon pricing
- Principles of emissions trading schemes
 - Anticipated effects of an emissions trading scheme, design features of an emissions trading scheme, allocation methods in emissions trading, trading of emissions under an emission trading system (ETS), deriving a carbon price for emissions trading, challenges of the EU-ETS, cases in which an emissions trading is useful
- Principles of carbon taxes
 - Anticipated effects of a carbon tax, design features of a carbon tax, defining the coverage of a carbon tax, deriving a carbon price for the tax, use of tax revenues, implementing a carbon tax, cases in which a carbon tax is useful
- Principles of offsetting mechanisms
 - Anticipated effects of offsetting mechanisms, calculating emission reductions, transparency and accounting for GHG emissions, deriving a carbon price for offsetting, trading carbon credits, the offsetting project cycle and cases in which offsetting is useful
- Analysing the effectiveness of carbon pricing mechanisms
 - Emissions trading, carbon tax and offsetting (key lessons learned, barriers and success factors, impact on energy projects)
- Further orientation on carbon pricing
 - Understanding the role of carbon pricing mechanisms in your country, further reading on emissions trading and carbon taxation, getting started with offsetting opportunities and best practice example for RE/EE projects





3.3 Module 3: Technical aspects of energy transformation

Section	Warm-up	Technical grid integration	Energy Storage			Flexibility options							
Week	0	1 2	3	4	4	5		6		7	8	9	10
Course	Introduction to energy Introduction to electricity	Wind and PV grid integration	Energy storage		FI	Power-to-X: applications and cost development Flexible thermal power plants		H	eMobility and charging t infrastructure- An introduction Flexible grid infrastructure & management			Final test	
Assignments		Assignment 1 due: 21 Mar 2022				As	signı	ment 2 dı	ue: 0	2 Ma	y 2022		



Virtual Classroom (VC) Schedule

VC 3: TBC T 1400 CET

Final test: 5 May 2022

Retest: 12 May 2022

Course: Wind and PV grid integration

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:









- explain the use and development of time series for variable renewable energy
 - present the basics about power system operation, scheduling and forecasting
- describe the purpose and types of balancing power and management of grid congestion
- discuss capacity planning methodologies, grid codes and the development of grid studies

- planning methods regarding fluctuating renewable energies
- time series for fluctuating renewable energies which are required for planning of the power systems or investment decisions
- principles on scheduling, forecasting and forecasting errors
- balancing power systems required for secure grid operation in relation to minimum capacity requirements and grid congestion management
- capacity planning methods and evaluation indicators for generation adequacy and capacity credit for variable generators;
- grid code
- grid impact and system integration studies





Course: Energy storage as a flexibility option







Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- describe the purpose and future role of energy storage systems (ESS)
- classify storage technologies
- calculate specific costs and compare different economic aspects of ESS
- explain how different energy storage technologies complement each other

- progress and challenges of energy storage systems
- advantages and disadvantages of principal contemporary ESS options
- the following ESS will be described in detail:
 - o mechanical storage (e.g. compressed air energy storage (CAES) or pumped hydro plants)
 - o electrical storage (e.g. superconductive magnetic energy storage (SMES))
 - thermal storage (TES)
 - o electro-chemical storage (batteries)
 - o chemical storage (e.g. hydrogen)









Course: Coupling of power sector with mobility, building

and power-to-X







Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- explain how the electricity-, transport- and building sector can be coupled
- compare status of available technologies for power sector coupling

Content:

- Introduction, why sector coupling?
- power to X, mobility sector, heating / cooling in residential sector and heating / cooling in industrial / commercial sector
 - o characteristics
 - technology
 - o applications
 - cost development

Course: Flexible thermal power plants

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- explain what flexible operation of thermal power plants means
- describe important technical measures facilitating this mode of operation
- determine key success factors for operating flexible thermal power plants in an economically viable way

- transition from baseload to flexible operation regime that is characterised by cycling operation, steep ramps and low minimum loads
- market and framework conditions that support the flexible operation of thermal power plants









Course: Flexible grid infrastructure and management

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- explain which grid infrastructure components allow to transmit and distribute high shares of vRE generation across the power system
- analyse congestion management procedures in the context of decarbonisation efforts

Content:

- Grid operation: purpose and definitions, thermal limits of grids, stability limits of grids, what happens in case of errors
- Infrastructure improvements to enable high vRE shares (e.g. high-temperature wires, monitoring of transmission wires and substations with phase shifters)
- Congestion management, online services and data management for the grid control centre, dispatch hierarchy, re-dispatch mechanism and load flow management

Course: E-mobility for private transport and charging infrastructure - an introduction

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- determine different applications of digitalisation in the power sector
- analyse benefits of increasing digitalisation across the power sector
- discuss new trends which are built upon digitalisation of the power sector

- Transport and sustainability
- Electric vehicles for private transport
- Private EV charging infrastructure









Course: E-Mobility: Implications for the distribution grid







Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- **Describe** how an electric drive train works and what kind of charging infrastructure is necessary for different applications.
- **Be aware** of the challenges and opportunities associated with the integration of electric vehicles into the grid.
- Differentiate between rural and urban mobility in terms of their implications on the grid.
- Take action on integrating electric vehicles into the grid.

- Introduction to e-mobility and changing infrastructure
- Challenges and opportunities in grid integration of e-mobility
- Charging strategies
- Differences between urban and rural areas
- Recommended course of action for system operators









3.4 Module 4: Future trends in the power sector

Section Warm-up			Costs a			Planr	ning and design		Hyd Dig			
Week	0	1	2	3		4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Course	to energy		ntegration cost of nd and solar power				ystem Plar Co-Benefit	Digitali techr	Final test			
	Introduction to electricity	gri	ancing po d integra renewak	ition of		renewa	ration of value of va	(vRE) in	Introduc	tion to H	ydrogen	
Assignments			ignment : 20 Jun			Assignme	nt 2 due: 1	18 July 2022				



Final test: 21 July 2022

Retest: 28 July 2022

Course: The integration costs of wind and solar power









Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- explain what aspects are covered by the term integration costs
- introduce how to quantify grid costs
- explain how to calculate balancing costs
- distinguish economic effects on existing conventional power plant utilisation
- describe the total system cost approach

- definition of integration costs
- grid costs and balancing power costs
- effects on existing power plant utilisation: residual load duration curves, residual load analysis with modelling tool, cost of reduced power plant utilisation, shift from base load to mid-merit and peak load power stations, capacity requirement for dispatchable thermal power plants
- total system cost (approaches, questions, limitations and lessons learned from case studies)





Course: Balancing power system design for low carbon

power systems

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- explain the necessity and purpose of balancing power mechanisms
- distinguish different concepts of balancing power as well as types of reserves
- describe different financial and physical relationships involved in balancing power systems
- apply concepts for dynamic balancing power dimensioning
- develop concepts how balancing power systems should be designed to be compatible with increasing shares
 of variable renewable energy

Content:

- balancing power (purpose, types and definitions)
- supply of balancing power
- probabilistic approach

Course: Power system planning with Co-Benefits

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- distinguish between traditional and advanced power system planning (PSP) approaches
- compare tools used for power system planning and how co-benefits can be used during the planning process
- explain how selected co-benefits of renewable energy, e.g. tackling climate change and the human health effects of ambient air quality and affect the outcome of power system planning

- integrated power system
- power System Planning (PSP) the time horizon perspective
- indicators and co-benefits in power system planning (PSP)
- traditional integrated power system planning methodology (TIPSP)
- advanced power system planning methodology
- advanced integrated power system planning methodology (AIPSP)
- comparison of planning tools
- power system planning case studies with and without co benefits



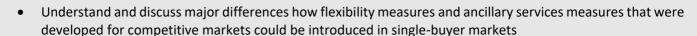


Course: Integration of variable renewable energy (vRE) in

single-buyer markets

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:



- Flexibility measures
 - o central power plant dispatch versus day-ahead and real-time/intraday markets,
 - o long-term PPAs versus flexible PPAs
 - o reserve margin versus balancing circles / balancing power markets
 - o central congestion management versus flexibility markets (flexibility potential on TSO and DSO-level)
- Ancillary services
 - o spinning reserve for frequency control centrally provided by grid operator and by balancing power markets
 - o reactive power for voltage control centrally provided by grid operator / large power and distributed generation









Course: Digitalisation and smart technologies for the power sector









Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- identify the areas of the power sector which are most affected by digitalisation
- assess advantages for society, the economy, and market participants from the digitalising the power sector
- identify and explain the most important technologies for the current digitalisation of the power sector
- explain how these technologies can be applied in order to optimise generation, transmission, storage and consumption of electrical power
- understand which aspects of digitalisation support decarbonisation and energy efficiency, and which can put these objectives at risk
- demonstrate how digital technologies shape existing markets and processes, and how they may create new ones
- describe the risks arising from increasing digitalisation of the power sector and create counter measures against potential attacks

Content:

- energy economics background of digitalisation of the power sector
- opportunities and risks of digitalisation for sustainability and decarbonisation
- key technologies
- market generation, transmission and consumption
- smart markets and processes
- risks and cyber security

Course: Introduction to Hydrogen

Learning objectives:

Upon completion of the course, you should be able to:

- Explain the basic components of a hydrogen-based energy system and infrastructure
- Describe the current uses of hydrogen, its production methods and value chains
- Describe the opportunities and limitations of hydrogen as future energy carrier and in developing a sustainable energy future
- Understand the current status of hydrogen policies in the international arena

- The element hydrogen
- Types of hydrogen application
- Hydrogen generation and fuel cells
- Hydrogen infrastructure
- System integration
- The cost of hydrogen
- Hydrogen strategies and roadmaps





4 RENAC Online

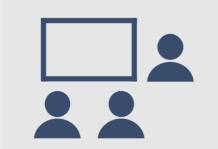


RENAC Online helps you:

Boost your professional career

Study with flexibility following your own schedule

Learn at any time and from any location



RENAC Online offers extensive support & interactive learning:

Videos

Graphics

Exercises for self-evaluation

Discussion forum for question and answers

Virtual classrooms





RENAC Online staff are:

Certified e-learning trainers

Experienced professionals

In direct contact with the industry

CELM
Certified European e-Learning Manager

4.1 Live Virtual Classrooms (Webinars)

There will be two virtual classroom held as part of this EnerTracks online training. These live events are not mandatory, but participation is strongly recommended. These sessions will give you the opportunity to check in with RENAC and to hear several presentations from fellow participants about the assignments.







4.2 Why choose RENAC Online

Self-study material

1 Text and Images

Courses are structured in small, illustrated units of instruction; learners are guided through the material step-by-step.



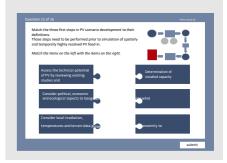
2 Videos

Video lectures explain some of the most important topics in a visual and entertaining way.



3 Tests

Many self-assessment tests within each course help participants to test their knowledge.



Extensive support

1 Forum

Support and communication take place in a discussion forum. RENAC monitors the forum constantly.

RENAC experts are ready to give assistance and discuss the course topics.



2 Assignment

Participants will be asked to submit two assignments for each module. Participants with exceptional assignments will be invited to share their responses in a virtual classroom.



3 Virtual classroom

Participants should attend the live virtual classroom sessions (webinars). These will be conducted by fellow participants. During and after the presentation participants are invited to discuss in the live chat.



4 Certificate

All participants who score above 70% in the final online exam will receive a RENAC certificate.
Participants will get a bonus for each assignment. All others who attempted the exam will receive a certificate of attendance per email.





Registration

Registration:

You can register for the EnerTracks online training via the registration form at: https://www.renac.de/projects/current-projects/enertracks/online-training

Deadlines:

Registration deadline: 25 August 2021

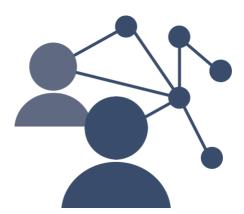
You need to provide an e-mail address, which you check regularly. Furthermore you need a computer with a stable internet connection (at least 2 Mbit/s). For webinars, the Zoom app should be installed, and a headset or speakers are required to listen to the presentation.

Demo course



For a first impression of our online platform, have a look at: http://renewables-online.de/blocks/demologin/logindemo.php?course=Demo









Impressum

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https://www.renac.de/projects/current-projects/enertracks/online-training/

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